St Mark's CE Primary School PSHE Curriculum Map: Rights and responsibilities 2023-2024



	Nursery/Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 6
Rights and responsibilities		Question: How do we decide how to behave? (Autumn 1) Sticky knowledge: • Know about group and class rules and why they are important • About respecting the needs of ourselves and others • About different types of behaviour and how this can make others feel • About listening to others and playing cooperatively • That bodies and feelings can be hurt NC knowledge/skills: • How they can contribute to the life of the classroom and school to help construct, and agree to follow, group, class and school rules and to understand how these rules help them • To recognise that their behaviour can affect other people • To recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong • To listen to other people and play and work cooperatively (strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation)	Question: How can we help? (Autumn 1) Sticky knowledge: About group and class rules and why they are important About respecting the needs of ourselves and others About looking after the local environment About privacy in different contexts NC knowledge/skills: How they can contribute to the life of the classroom and school To help construct, and agree to follow, group, class and school rules and to understand how these rules help them That people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights (protecting others' bodies and feelings; being able to take turns, share and understand the need to return things that have been borrowed) What improves and harms their local, natural and built	Questions: What are we responsible for? (Spring 1) Sticky knowledge: About their responsibilities, rights and duties (home, school and the environment) How actions can affect ourselves and others NC knowledge/skills: That they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities that their actions affect themselves and others Key vocabulary Responsibilities, rights, duties, local environment, actions, affect	Question: What does discrimination mean? (Spring 1) Sticky knowledge: • How actions can affect ourselves and others • About discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviour and its effect on others • About the factors that make people the same or different • To recognise and challenge 'stereotypes' • About the correct use of the terms sex, gender identity and sexual orientation NC knowledge/skills: • That their actions affect themselves and others • To realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (cyber- bullying, use of prejudice – based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help) • How to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and	 Question: What are human rights? (Summer 1) Sticky knowledge: Why and how laws are rules and laws are made How to take part in making and changing rules About the importance of human rights (and the Rights of the Child) About the UN declaration on the Rights of the Child About the right they have to protect their body That harmful practices (such as FGM and forced marriage) are against British law (illegal) and in contradiction with human rights That human rights overrule any beliefs, ideas or practices that harm others That female genital mutilation (FGM) is physical abuse and illegal About the importance of speaking about FGM That to force anyone into marriage is illegal About the importance of speaking out about forced marriage About the importance of speaking out about forced marriage About the importance of speaking out about forced marriage About the importance of speaking out about forced marriage About confidentiality About times when it is appropriate and necessary to break a confidence Nck nowledge/skills: Why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules To understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child That these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices To know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as FGM constitute abuse and are a crime, develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers

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To offer constructive	environments and	through social	That forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is
support and feedback	develop strategies	media)	available to protect and prevent people from being forced into
to others	and skills needed to	 That differences and 	marriage and to know how to get support for them self or
 That people' bodies 	care for these	similarities between	others
and feelings can be	(conserving energy)	people arise from a	 The concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret',
hurt (what makes	 What is meant by 	number of sex,	when they should or should not agree to this and why it is
them feel comfortable	'privacy'; their right	gender identity,	right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret
and uncomfortable)	to keep things	sexual orientation,	
To recognise when	'private'; the	and disability	Key vocabulary
people are being	importance of	('protected	female genital mutilation, forced marriage, UN declaration. Rights of
unkind either to them	respecting others'	characteristics' in the	the Child, illegal, British law, human rights, abuse, confidentiality,
or others, how to	privacy	equality act 2010)	cultural practices, crime
respond, who to tell		 To recognise and 	
and what to say	Key vocabulary	challenge	How can we manage risk?
	Importance, rules, respect,	stereotypes	(Spring 2)
Key vocabulary	rights, privacy,	About the difference	Sticky knowledge:
Respect, behaviour, feelings,	environment	between, and the	About independence, increased responsibility and keeping
hurt, rules		terms associated	safe
		with sex, gender	Strategies for managing risk
		identity and sexual	Different influences on behaviour, including peer pressure and
		orientation	media influence
		We work to a	How to resist unhelpful pressure and ask for help
		Key vocabulary	 Strategies for managing personal safety – online
		Actions, discrimination,	What to consider before sharing pictures of themselves and
		teasing, bullying,	other online
		stereotyping, equality, gender identity, sexual	How anti-social behaviours can affect wellbeing
		orientation, sex	How to handle, challenge or respond to anti-social or
		orientation, sex	aggressive behaviours
			How actions can affect ourselves and others
			NC he suited as (shills)
			NC knowledge/skills:
			• To differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and
			'hazard'
			 To recognise, predict and assess risks in different situations
			and decide how to manage them responsibly (sensible road
			use and risks in the local environment - bike ability) and to use
			this as an opportunity to build resilience
			How pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky
			ways can come from a variety of source, including people they know and the modia
			know and the media
			Strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting percent information including percentage
			protecting personal information, including passwords,
			addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others
			 How to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share, who to talk
			what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk

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			 to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request To realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk That their actions affect themselves and others
			Key vocabulary Independence, risk, peer pressure, personal safety Anti-social behaviours, wellbeing, danger, hazard, resilience, media